

DATATYPES

- Keywords

- char, static, if , while, return Total= about 32

- Data Types


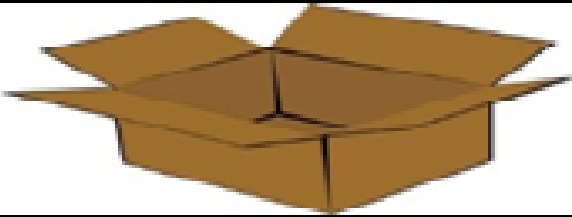
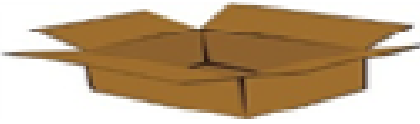


- int , char, float Some more later

- Arithmetic Operators

- + (Plus), - (Minus), * (Multiplication), /(Division)
..... Some more later

Some more Data Types

- Primary : int, float, char
 - int (signed/unsigned)(2,4Bytes): used to store integers.
 - char (signed/unsigned)(1Byte): used to store characters
 - float, double(4,8Bytes): used to store a decimal number.
- User Defined:
 - typedef: used to rename a data type
 - typedef int *integer*; can use *integer* to declare an int.
 - enum, struct, union

Analogy	Descriptions
	Real Data Type: Double
	Real Data Type: Float
	Integer Data Type
	Character Data Type
	String: Sequence of Characters

My first C program!

```
#include <stdio.h>
// program prints hello world
int main() {
    printf ("Hello world!");
    return 0;
}
```

Output: Hello world!

Example 1

```
#include <stdio.h>
// program prints a number of type int
int main() {
    int number = 4;
    printf ("Number is %d", number);
    return 0;
}
```

Output: Number is 4

Example 2

```
#include <stdio.h>
// program reads and prints the same thing
int main() {
    int number ;
    printf ( " Enter a Number: ");
    scanf ("%d", &number);
    printf ("Number is %d\n", number);
    return 0;
}
```

Output : Enter a number: 4
 Number is 4

more and more

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {  
    /* this program adds  
    two numbers */  
    int a = 4; //first number  
    int b = 5; //second number  
    int answer = 0; //result  
    answer = a + b;  
}
```


Note

Errors

Compilation

Compiler generally gives the line number at which the error is present.

Run time

C programs are sequential making the debugging easier.