

**DRONACHARYA GROUP OF INSTITUTIONS, GREATER NOIDA**

**COURSE:B.Tech.**

**FIRST YEAR ODD-SEMESTER (2015-16)**

**Subject : Electronics Engineering**

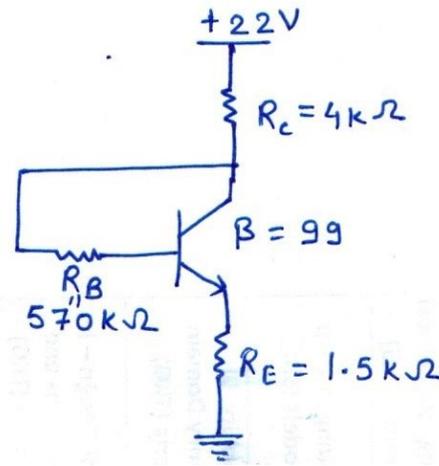
**Subject Code: NEC-201**

**Branch: ECE/CSE/IT/EEE**

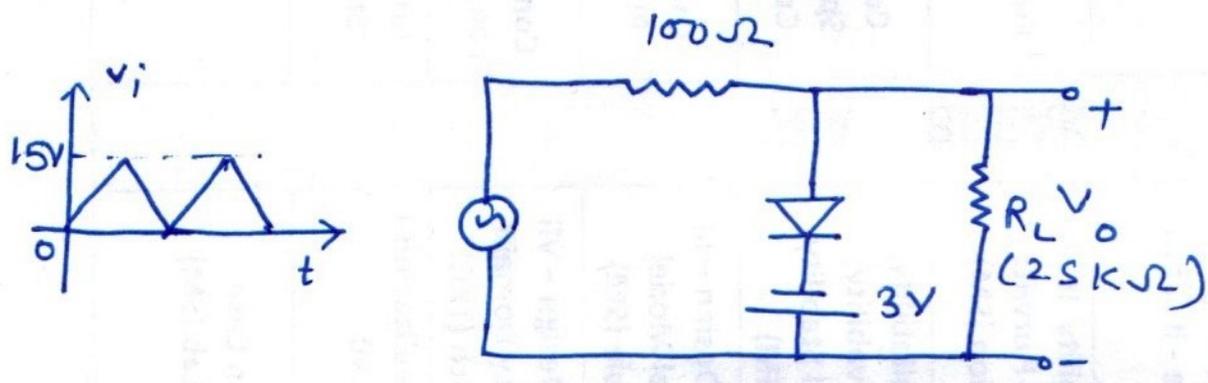
**Q1. Attempt all questions**

- a) What do you mean by voltage regulation?**
- b) Write the applications of Varactor diode.**
- c) How does a BJT behaves?**
- d) Write any four ideal characteristics of Op-Amp?**
- e) Draw the transfer characteristics of D-MOSFET.**

**Q2.Draw the load line and determine the mode of the circuit.**



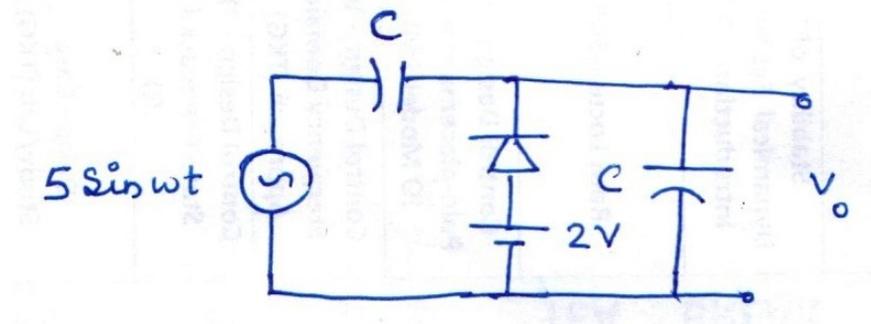
Q3 Draw the output waveform  $V_o$  of clipper circuit.



Q4. Draw and explain the working of Bridge rectifier with input output characteristics.

Q5.

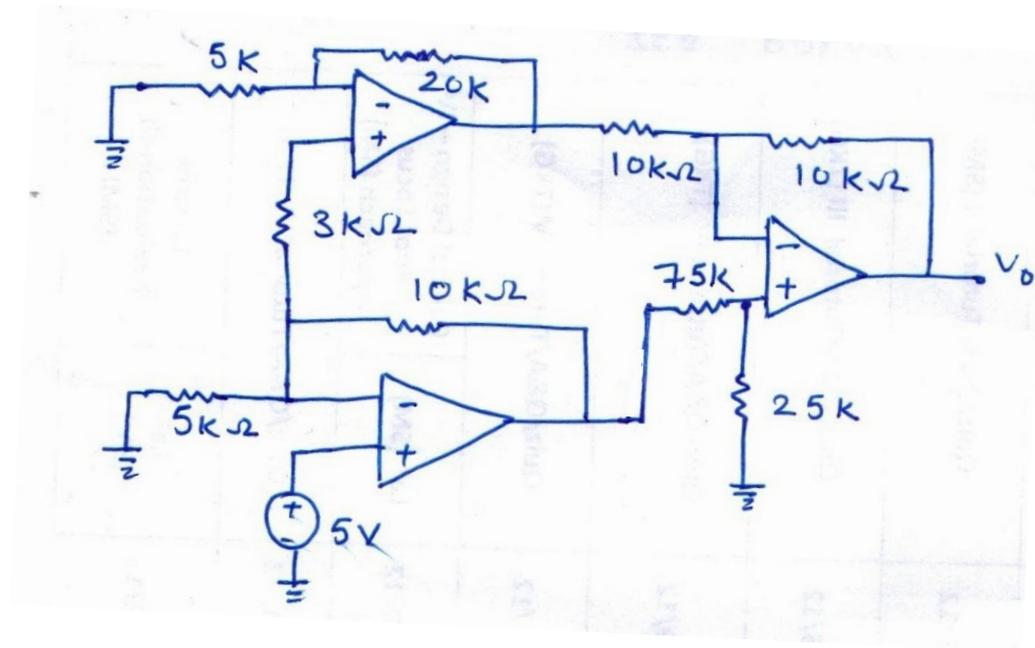
- i) Explain the construction and working of N-channel JFET. Also draw the drain and transfer characteristics.
- ii) Draw the output voltage  $V_o$  for clamper circuit.



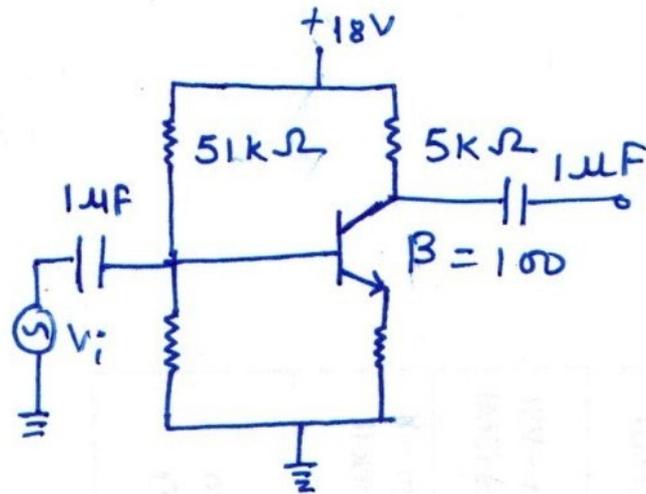
- iii) Derive the expression of voltage gain of Emitter follower.

Q6. Attempt any two parts:-

- i) Find the output waveform of op-amp circuit.



- ii) Explain the structure, working and characteristics of Tunnel diode .
- iii) Draw the load line and find the mode of the given circuit by accurate/exact analysis.



**Q7.**

- i) Explain the working principle of CRT with daigram.**
- ii) Drive the expression of voltage gain of common source amplifier.**
- iii) Derive the expression for differentiator and integrator.**

) For the p type semiconductor, dopants from III group element are typically employed. Can we use dopants from II group? Give reason?

**b)** Differentiate between silicon and germanium material?

**c)** What is relation between junction temperature and barrier potential of PN junction diode?

**d)** What is the effect of temperature on conductivity of semiconductor?

**e)** Find the PIV of Full Wave Rectifier with centre tapped transformer using its circuit diagram?

#### **PART B**

**NOTE: Attempt any two questions**

**(2X5=10 Marks)**

**Q2.** Explain the formation of depletion region in PN junction diode?

**Q3.** What is rectifier? Explain the construction and working of half wave rectifier. Also draw its input and output waveform?

**Q4** A germanium diode carries a current of 1mA at room temperature when a forward bias of 0.15V is applied. Find the reverse saturation current at room temperature?

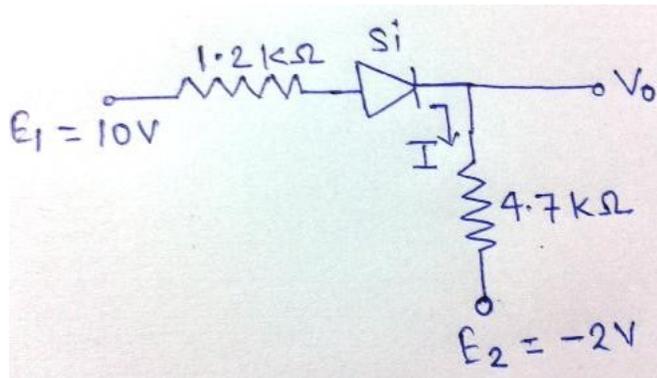
**PART C**

**NOTE: Attempt all Questions**

**(6X5 = 30 Marks)**

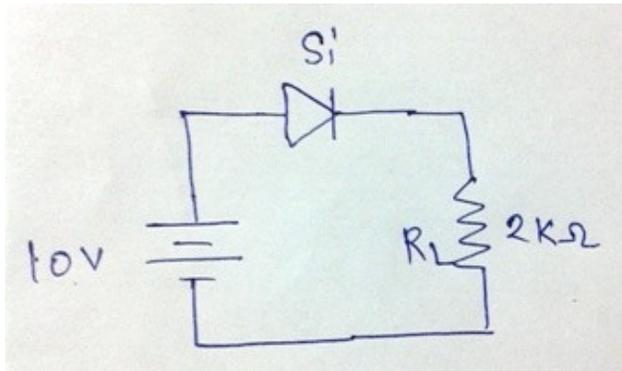
**Q5. Attempt any two parts:-**

- a) Show that the ripple factor of full wave rectifier is 48%?
- b) If the surface leakage current is 2nA for reverse voltage of 25V. What is the surface leakage current for a reverse voltage of 35V?
- c) Determine the currents  $I$ ,  $V_2$ ,  $V_1$  and  $V_0$  for the given network :



**Q6. Attempt any two parts:-**

- a) Draw the circuit diagram of shunt capacitor filter and explain its operation?
- b) Draw and explain the ideal and practical V-I characteristics of PN junction diode?
- c) For the given circuit determine load voltage and load current:



**Q7.**

- a) What do you mean by biasing? Explain the operation of PN Junction diode under forward and reverse bias condition?
- b) A silicon diode has a saturation current of 5nA at 25<sup>0</sup> C. What is the saturation current at 100<sup>0</sup> C?
- c) Explain the working of given circuit and also draw its output waveform?

