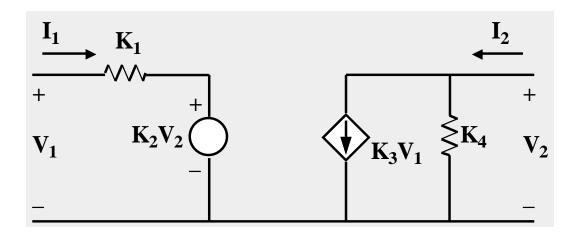
NETWORK ANALYSIS AND SYNTHESIS

Hybrid Parameters:

The following is a popular model used to represent a particular variety of transistors.



We can write the following equations:

$$V_1 = AI_1 + BV_2$$

$$I_2 = CI_1 + \frac{V_2}{D}$$

^{*} notes

Hybrid Parameters:

$$V_1 = AI_1 + BV_2$$

$$I_2 = CI_1 + \frac{V_2}{D}$$

We want to evaluate the H parameters from the above set of equations.

$$h_{11} = \frac{V_1}{I_1} \bigg|_{V_2 = 0} = \bigg|_{V_2 = 0}$$

$$h_{12} = \frac{V_1}{V_2} \Big|_{I_1 = 0} =$$

$$h_{21} = \frac{I_2}{I_1} \bigg|_{V_2 = 0} = \bigg|$$

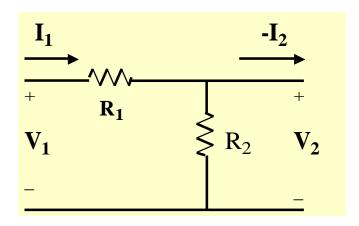


$$h_{22} = \frac{I_2}{V_2}$$
 = $\frac{I_2}{I_2 = 0}$

Hybrid Parameters:

Another example with hybrid parameters.

Given the circuit below.



The equations for the circuit are:

$$V_1 = (R_1 + R_2)I_1 + R_2I_2$$

 $V_2 = R_2I_1 + R_2I_2$

The H parameters are as follows.

$$h_{11} = \frac{V_1}{I_1} \bigg|_{V_2 = 0} =$$

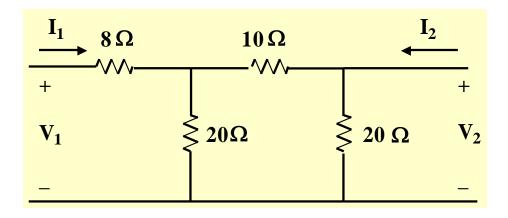
$$|h_{21} = \frac{I_2}{I_1}|_{V_2=0} =$$

$$\left| \boldsymbol{h}_{12} = \frac{\boldsymbol{V}_1}{\boldsymbol{V}_2} \right|_{\boldsymbol{I}_1 = 0} =$$

$$h_{22} = \frac{I_2}{V_2} \bigg|_{I_1=0} =$$

Modifying the two port network:

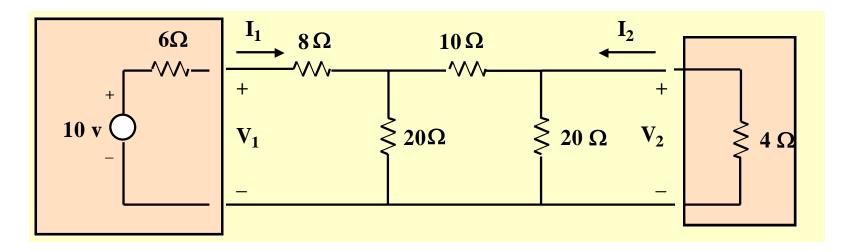
Earlier we found the z parameters of the following network.



$$\begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 20 & 8 \\ 8 & 12 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Modifying the two port network:

We modify the network as shown be adding elements outside the two ports



We now have:

$$V_1 = 10 - 6I_1$$

$$V_2 = -4I_2$$

THANKS....

Queries Please...