# di/dt Rating

Critical rate of rise of on-state current. It is the rate at which anode current increases and must be less than rate at which conduction area increases.

To prevent damage to SCR by high di/dt value, small inductance is added in series with device. Vaue of required inductance is

# dv/dt Rating

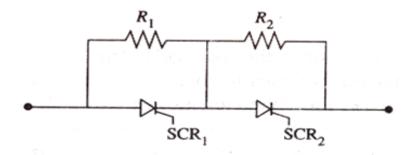
Maximum rise time of a voltage pulse that can be applied to the SCR in the off state without causing it to fire. Unscheduled firing due to high value of dv/dt can be prevented by using RC snubber circuit.

# **Series and Parallel SCR Connections**

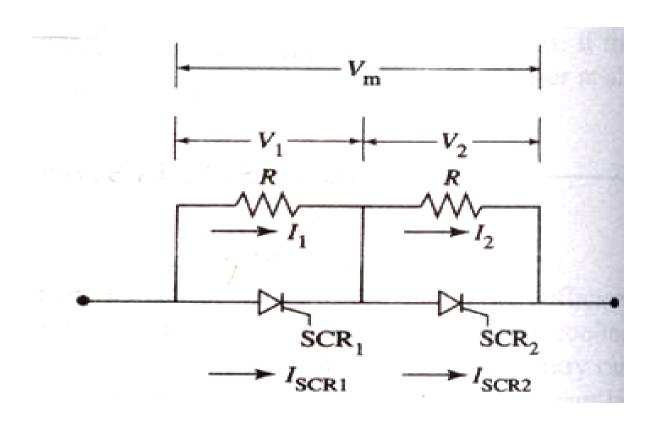
SCRs are connected in series and parallel to extend voltage and current ratings.

For high-voltage, high-current applications, series-parallel combinations of SCRs are used.

#### Resistance equalization

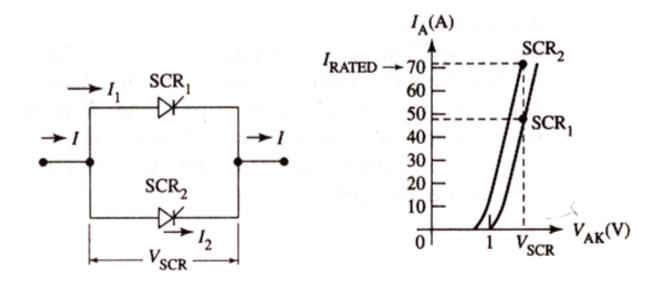


#### Voltage equalization



## **SCRs In Parallel**

Unequal current sharing between two SCRs is shown:



• Total rated current of parallel connection is  $I_1+I_2$ , not  $2I_2$ .

### ➤ What is Commutation?

The process of turning off an SCR is called commutation.

It is achieved by

- 1. Reducing anode current below holding current
- 2. Make anode negative with respect to cathode

## > Types of commutation are:

- 1. Natural or line commutation
- 2. Forced commutation